



ESCXX42-3LCD40

4.25Gbps CWDM SFP Optical Transceiver, 40KM Reach

Features

- Data-rate of 4.25Gbps operation
- 18 CWDM DFB wavelengths laser and PIN or APD photodetector for 40KM transmission
- Compliant with SFP MSA and SFF-8472 with duplex LC receptacle
- Digital Diagnostic Monitoring:
Internal Calibration or External Calibration
- Compatible with RoHS
- +3.3V single power supply
- Operating case temperature: Standard : 0 to +70°C

Applications

- 1000 Base-LX Ethernet
- 4xFC at 4.25Gbps
- 2xFC at 2.125Gbps
- 1xFC at 1.0625Gbps

Description

ETU-LINK's ESCXX42-3LCD40 Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) transceivers are compatible with the Small Form Factor Pluggable Multi-Sourcing Agreement (MSA). The transceiver consists of five sections: the LD driver, the limiting amplifier, the digital diagnostic monitor, the DFB laser and the APD. The module data link up to 40KM in 9/125um single mode fiber.

The optical output can be disabled by a TTL logic high-level input of Tx Disable, and the system also can disable the module via I2C. Tx Fault is provided to indicate that degradation of the laser. Loss of signal (LOS) output is provided to indicate the loss of an input optical signal of receiver or the link status with partner. The system can also get the LOS (or Link)/Disable/Fault information via I2C register access.

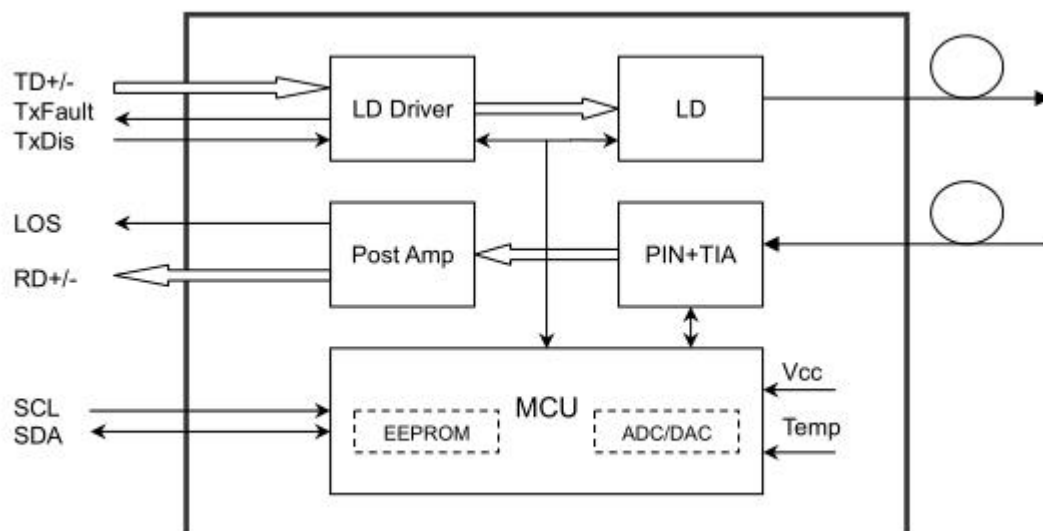


Product Selection

ESCXX42-3LCD40

Wavelength	xx	Clasp Color Code	Wavelength	xx	Clasp Color Code
1270 nm	27	Gray	1450nm	45	Brown
1290 nm	29	Gray	1470 nm	47	Gray
1310 nm	31	Gray	1490 nm	49	Purple
1330 nm	33	Purple	1510 nm	51	Blue
1350nm	35	Blue	1530nm	53	Green
1370nm	37	Green	1550nm	55	Yellow
1390nm	39	Yellow	1570nm	57	Orange
1410nm	41	Orange	1590nm	59	Red
1430nm	43	Red	1610nm	61	Brown

Module Block Diagram





Recommended Operating Conditions

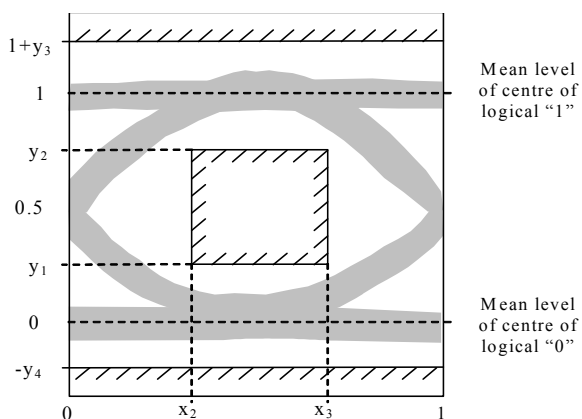
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Case Operating Temperature	Tcase	0		70	°C	
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	3.13	3.3	3.47	V	
Power Supply Current	ICC			300	mA	
Power Supply Noise Rejection				100	mVp-p	100Hz to 1MHz
Data Rate			4250/4250		Mbps	TX Rate/RX Rate
Transmission Distance				40	KM	
Coupled Fiber	Single mode fiber					9/125um SMF

Specification of Transmitter

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Average Output Power	POUT	1		5	dBm	Note (1)
Extinction Ratio	ER	8.2			dB	
Center Wavelength	λ_C	$(1XX0)-\Delta\lambda$	1XX0	$(1XX0)+\Delta\lambda$	nm	DFB Laser Note (2)
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Spectrum Bandwidth(-20dB)	σ			1	nm	
Transmitter OFF Output Power	POff			-45	dBm	
Differential Line Input Impedance	RIN	90	100	110	Ohm	
Output Eye Mask	Compliant with G.957 (class 1 laser safety)					Note (3)

Notes:

- 1) Measure at 2²³-1 NRZ PRBS pattern
- 2) "XX" is: 27,29,31,33,35,37,39,41,43,45,47,49,51,53,55,57,59 and 61; " $\Delta\lambda$ " is 7.5
- 3) Transmitter eye mask definition



x_3-x_2	0.2
y_1	0.25
y_2	0.75
y_3	0.25
y_4	0.25



Specification of Receiver

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Input Optical Wavelength	λ_{IN}	1270		1610	nm	APD
Receiver Sensitivity	PIN			-20	dBm	Note (1)
Input Saturation Power (Overload)	PSAT	-3			dBm	
Los Of Signal Assert	PA	-35			dBm	
Los Of Signal De-assert	PD			-24	dBm	Note (2)
LOS Hysteresis	PA-PD	0.5	2	6	dB	

Notes:

- 1) The optical power is launched into SMF.
- 2) PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated.
Measured with a PRBS 223-1 test pattern @4250Mbps, BER $\leq 1 \times 10^{-12}$
Internally AC-coupled.

Electrical Interface Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Transmitter						
Total Supply Current	ICC			A	mA	Note (1)
Transmitter Disable Input-High	VDISH	2		V _{CC} +0.3	V	
Transmitter Disable Input-Low	VDISL	0		0.8	V	
Transmitter Fault Input-High	VTxFH	2		V _{CC} +0.3	V	
Transmitter Fault Input-Low	VTxFL	0		0.8	V	
Receiver						
Total Supply Current	ICC			B	mA	Note (1)
LOSS Output Voltage-High	VLOSH	2		V _{CC} +0.3	V	LVTTL
LOSS Output Voltage-Low	VLOSL	0		0.8	V	

Note:

- 1) A (TX) + B (RX) = 300mA (Not include termination circuit)

Pin Descriptions

Pin	Symbol	Name/Description	NOTE
1	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
2	T _{FAULT}	Transmitter Fault.	
3	T _{DIS}	Transmitter Disable. Laser output disabled on high or open.	2
4	MOD_DEF(2)	Module Definition 2. Data line for Serial ID.	3
5	MOD_DEF(1)	Module Definition 1. Clock line for Serial ID.	3



6	MOD_DEF(0)	Module Definition 0. Grounded within the module.	3
7	Rate Select	No connection required	4
8	LOS	Loss of Signal indication. Logic 0 indicates normal operation.	5
9	VEER	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
10	VEER	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
11	VEER	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
12	RD-	Receiver Inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
13	RD+	Receiver Non-inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
14	VEER	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
15	VCCR	Receiver Power Supply	
16	VCCT	Transmitter Power Supply	
17	VEET	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
18	TD+	Transmitter Non-Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
20	VEET	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1

Notes:

- 1) Circuit ground is internally isolated from chassis ground.
- 2) Laser output disabled on $T_{DIS} > 2.0V$ or open, enabled on $T_{DIS} < 0.8V$.
- 3) Should be pulled up with 4.7k - 10kohms on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. MOD_DEF (0) pulls line low to indicate module is plugged in.
- 4) This is an optional input used to control the receiver bandwidth for compatibility with multiple data rates (most likely Fiber Channel 1x and 2x Rates). If implemented, the input will be internally pulled down with $> 30k\Omega$ resistor. The input states are:
 - a) Low (0 – 0.8V): Reduced Bandwidth
 - b) ($>0.8, < 2.0V$): Undefined
 - c) High (2.0 – 3.465V): Full Bandwidth
 - d) Open: Reduced Bandwidth
- 5) LOS is open collector output should be pulled up with 4.7k - 10kohms on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.

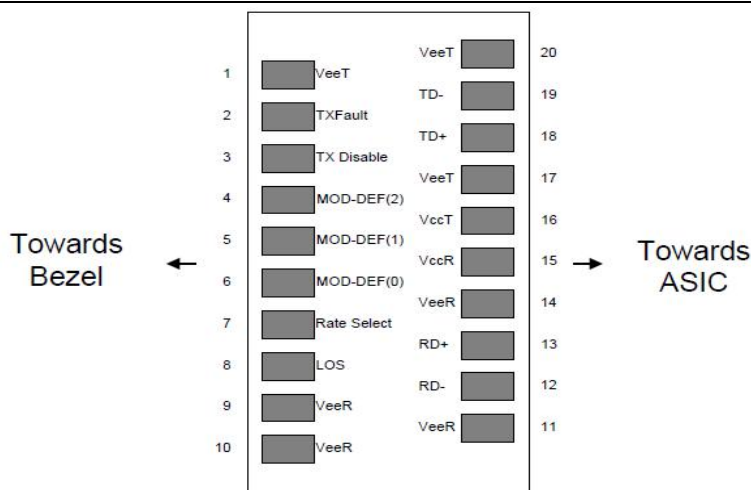


Figure2. Pin out of Connector Block on Host Board

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40		85	°C	
Relative Humidity	RH	5		95	%	
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	-0.5		4	V	
Signal Input Voltage		-0.3		Vcc+0.3	V	
Receiver Damage Threshold		+6			dBm	

Digital Diagnostic Functions

ETU-LINK ESCXX42-3LCD40 transceivers support the 2-wire serial communication protocol as defined in the SFP MSA. It is very closely related to the E2PROM defined in the GBIC standard, with the same electrical specifications.

The standard SFP serial ID provides access to identification information that describes the transceiver's capabilities, standard interfaces, manufacturer, and other information.

Additionally, ETU-LINK SFP transceivers provide a unique enhanced digital diagnostic monitoring interface, which allows real-time access to device operating parameters such as transceiver temperature, laser bias current, transmitted optical power, received optical power and transceiver supply voltage. It also defines a sophisticated system of alarm and warning flags, which alerts end-users when particular operating parameters are outside of a factory set normal range.

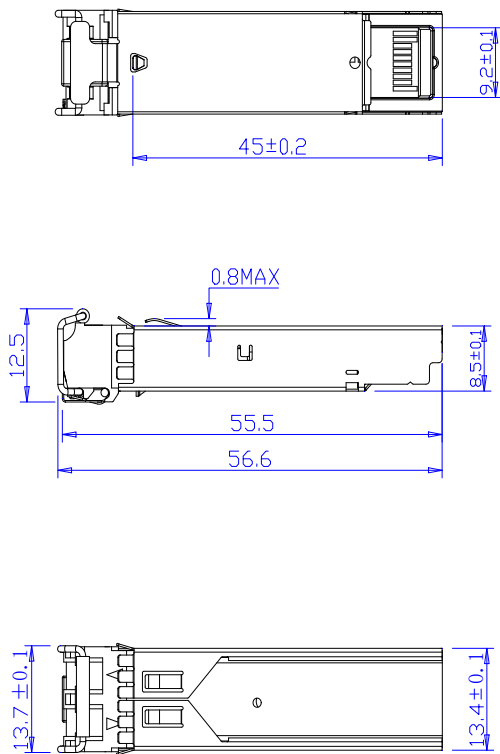
The SFP MSA defines a 256-byte memory map in E2PROM that is accessible over a 2-wire serial interface at the 8 bit address 1010000X (A0h). The digital diagnostic monitoring interface makes use of the 8 bit address 1010001X (A2h), so the originally defined serial ID memory map remains unchanged. The interface is identical to, and is thus fully backward compatible with both the GBIC Specification and the SFP Multi Source Agreement.



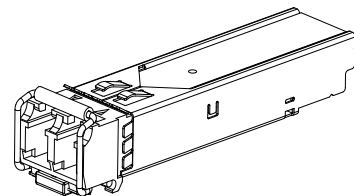
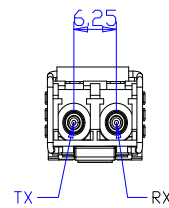
The operating and diagnostics information is monitored and reported by a Digital Diagnostics Transceiver Controller (DDTC) inside the transceiver, which is accessed through a 2-wire serial interface. When the serial protocol is activated, the serial clock signal (SCL, Mod Def 1) is generated by the host. The positive edge clocks data into the SFP transceiver into those segments of the E2PROM that are not write-protected. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA, Mod Def 2) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.

Digital diagnostics for the ESCXX42-3LCD40 are internally calibrated by default

Mechanical Specifications (Unit: mm)



Units in mm





Regulatory Compliance

Feature	Reference	Performance
Electrostatic discharge (ESD)	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	Compatible with standards
Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)	FCC Part 15 Class B EN 55022 Class B (CISPR 22A)	Compatible with standards
Laser Eye Safety	FDA 21CFR 1040.10, 1040.11 IEC/EN 60825-1, 2	Class 1 laser product
Component Recognition	IEC/EN 60950, UL	Compatible with standards
ROHS	2002/95/EC	Compatible with standards
EMC	EN61000-3	Compatible with standards